

Safety management of road infrastructure: an European Overview

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Transpor



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- Introduction
- The EC road safety policy
- Current status of implementation of 2008/96/EC
- Conclusion

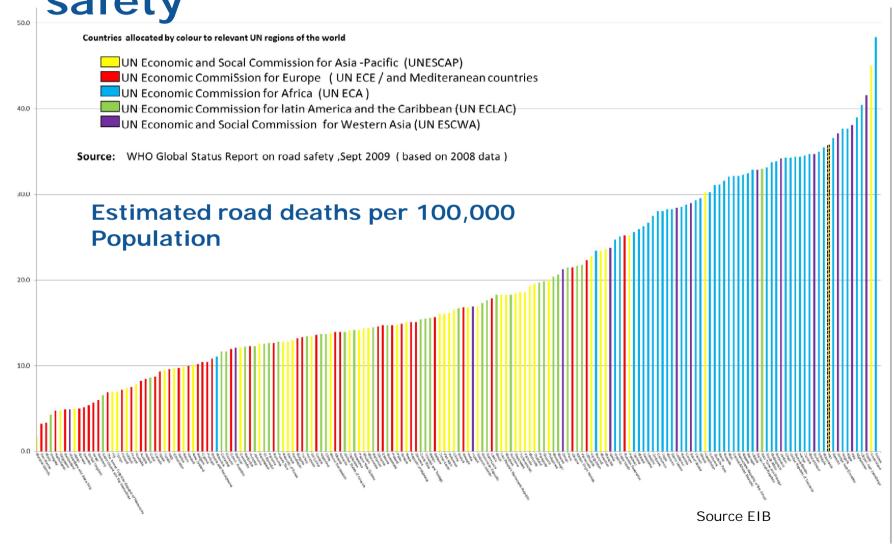


Introduction:

How is doing the EU on road safety?

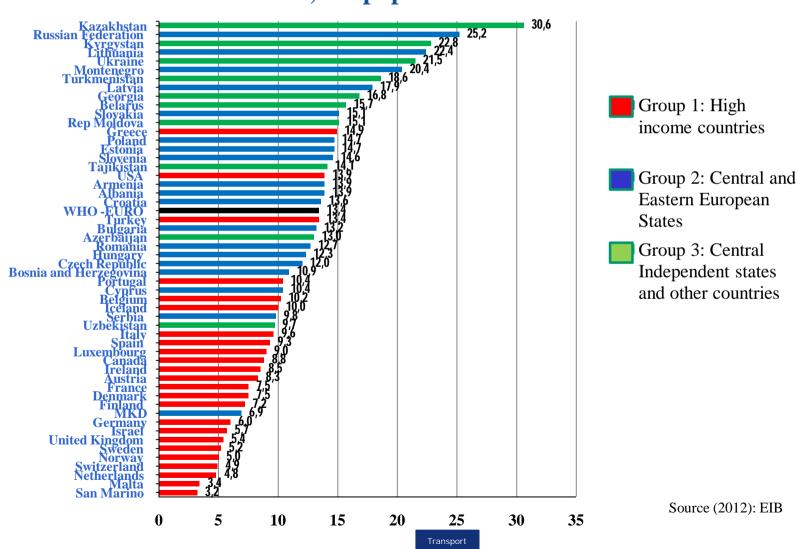


Europe as leading continent in road safety





Deaths / 100,000 population in UNECE countries





Fatalities - evolution 2001-2010

Road fatalities in the EU since 2001



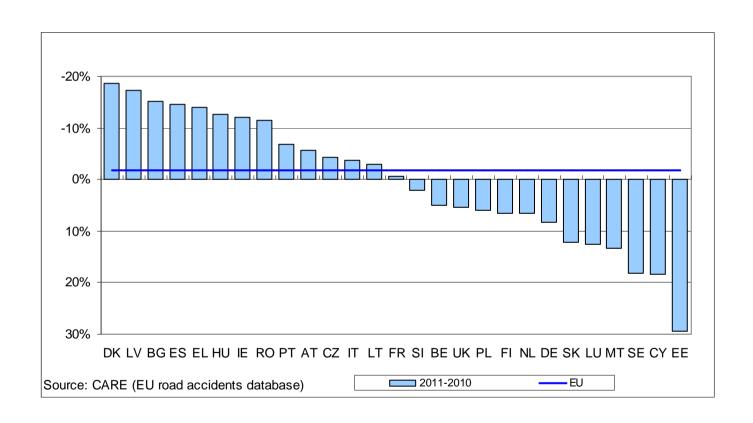
Source: - CARE (EU road accidents database)

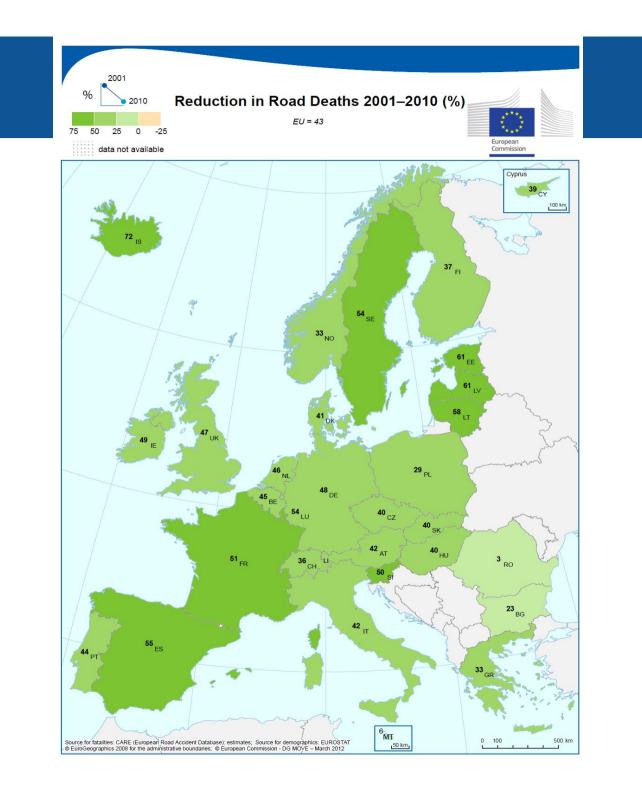
http://ec.europa.eu/roadsafety

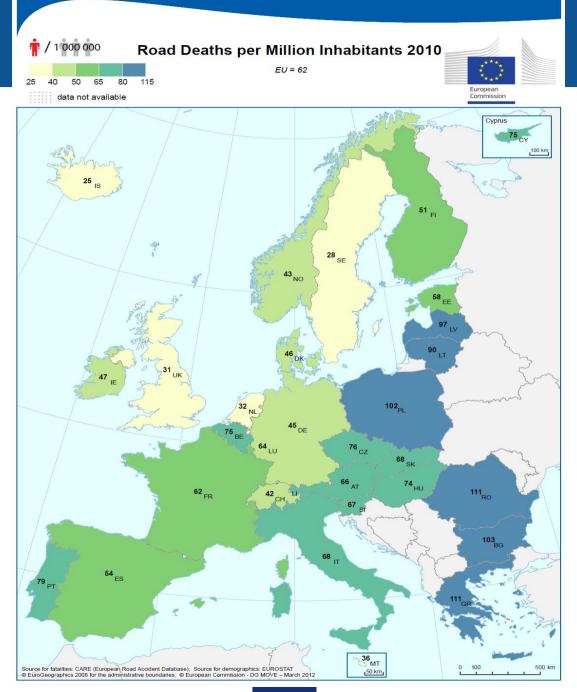
Mobility and Transport



Provisional data for 2011



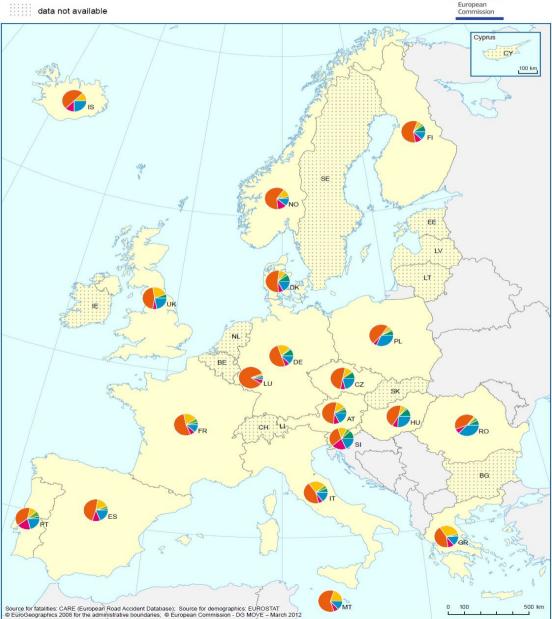






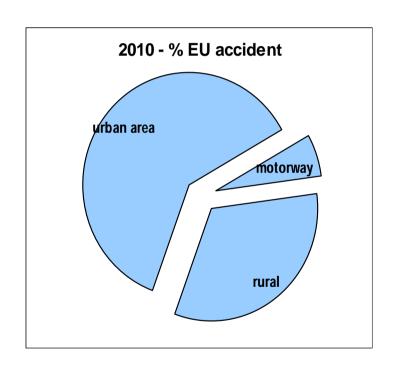
Road Deaths by Transport Mode 2010

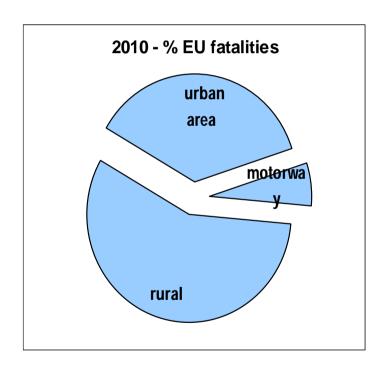


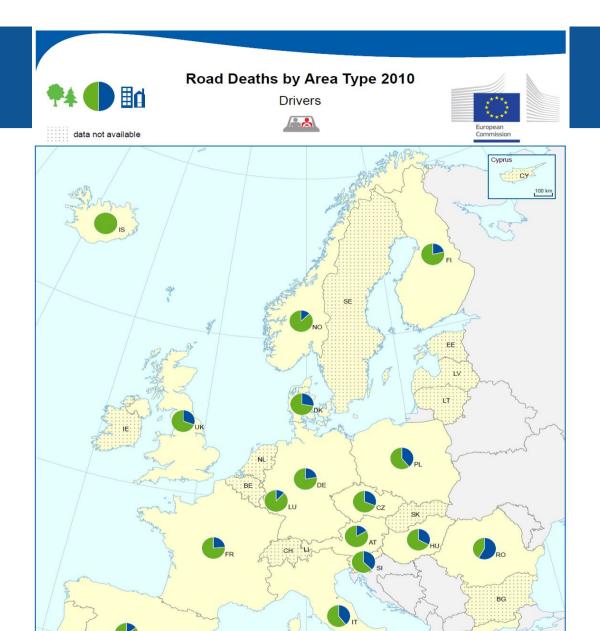




Accidents and fatalities by Area



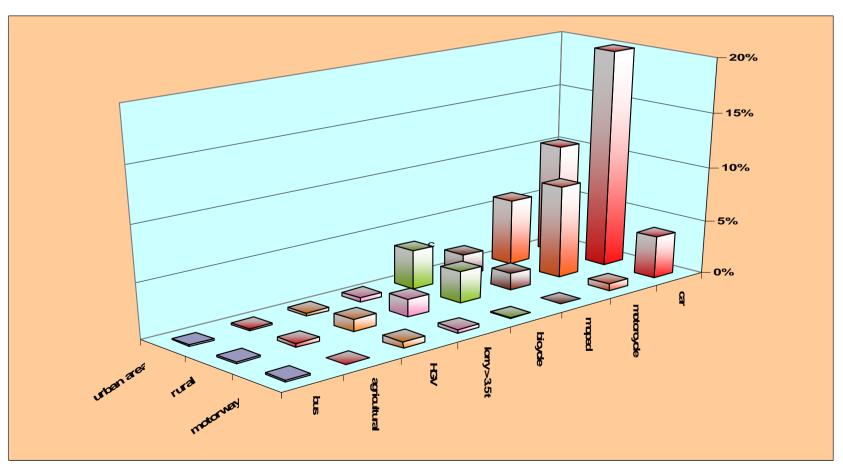




Source for fatalities: CARE (European Road Accident Database); Source for demographics: EUROSTAT
© EuroGeographics 2008 for the administrative boundaries; © European Commission - DG MOVE – March 2012



Fatalities by area and by means of transport (2010)





To sum up

- Different results achieved by countries with heterogeneous situation – New Member States showed remarkable reductions.
- Sharp decrease in road accidents and injuries but emerging issue are raising (vulnerable road users, young drivers and motorcyclists)
- Secondary and urban roads are the most dangerous roads while motorways are safer.



The EU road safety policy 2011-2020



TWO MAIN POLICY PAPERS

WHITE PAPER 2011: Towards a 'zero-vision' on road safety



POLICY ORIENTATIONS ON ROAD SAFETY 2011 - 2020



POLICY ORIENTATIONS ON ROAD SAFETY 2011-2020





Policy orientations on road safety 2011-2020

Quantitative target:

- 50% reduction of number of road fatalities by 2020, starting from 2010

3 Pillars

A common European road safety area

An integrated approach with other policies (health, environment, employ ment, etc.)

Shared responsibility (EU, national, local...)

7 Strategic Objectives:

Education and training

Compliance with road traffic rules

Safer road infrastructure

Safer vehicles

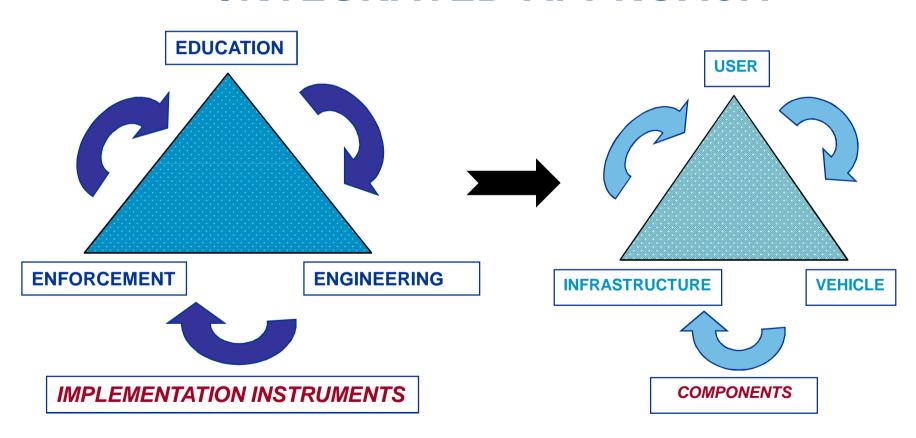
Intelligent Transport Systems (ITS)

Emergency and post-injuries services

Vulnerable road users

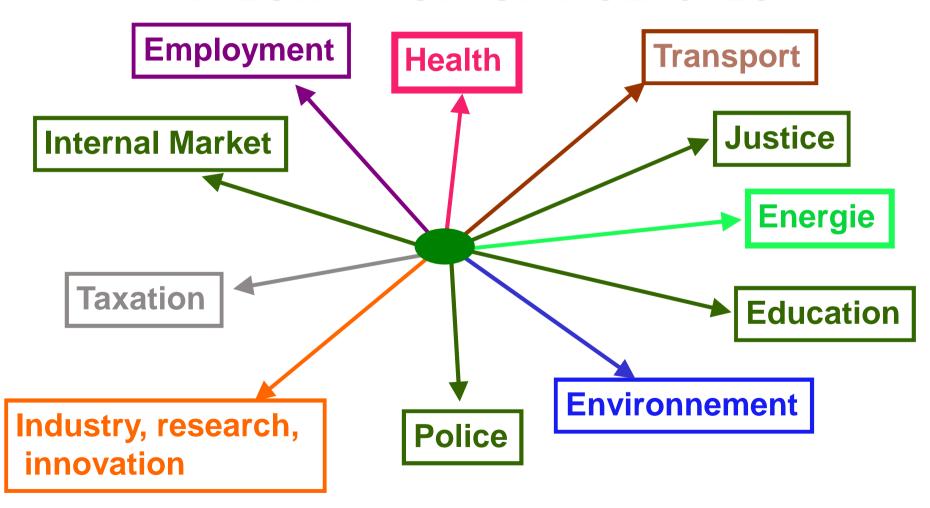


INTEGRATED APPROACH





INTEGRATION OF POLICIES





"A shared responsibility"

Action by ALL stakeholders is needed

- Public Authorities: EU + Central
- Governments + Local Authorities...
- Private Companies: Car industry +
- Transport companies + Road operators
- Users: <u>everybody!</u>

The EU acts wherever it provides an added value





The EU instruments

- Legislation where necessary
- Road accident data and information
- Financial support to research and studies
- Support to exchange of good practises among Member States



Policy orientations on road safety 2011-2020

Objective n° 3: Safer road infrastructure

- Road infrastructure should play an active role in enhancing the EU road transport system's safety performance:
- EU funds only granted to safe infrastructures
- Extension of the safe management principles to the secondary roads of Member States
- Two Directives applicable only to the TEN-T:
 - 2004/54/EC on minimum safety requirements for tunnels
 - 2008/96/EC on road infrastructure safety management





Directive 2008/96/EC on road infrastructure safety management:

Historical perspective & status of implementation



Historical overview of the directive: the reasons

- Decreasing budgets for road infrastructures vs. more attention to the level of safety of roads
- Inability of "old" roads to absorb the increasing traffic
- "High risk road sections" (even on modern roads!)
- Various levels of responsibility within each Member State (inefficient organisation)
- Heterogeneous signs, signals, road markings, road side features (even in a single Country!)



Historical overview of the directive

- Policy framework paved the way towards safe infrastructure: in the 2011 White Paper on transport, its mid-term review and the 3rd road safety action plan
- Several EU co funded Project developed on Road Safety Infrastructure
- 05/10/2006- Commission proposal supported by stakeholders
- 19/06/2008 The Parliament adopted the draft in first reading
- 20/10/2008 Council adopted the proposal without substantial modifications with a large support





Directive's aims

- To ensure that safety is integrated in all phases of planning, design, construction and operation of road infrastructure
- To bring about a common high level of safety of roads in all EU Member States
- To use the **limited funds** for more efficient construction and maintenance of roads.

Scope: the <u>trans-European road network</u> ("TEN-T roads" - about 90.000 km) ...



Main provisions

- Road impact assessment for infrastructure project at initial planning stage
- Compulsory Road Safety Audits for all infrastructure project during (draft design, pre-opening and early operation).
- Ranking of high Accident Concentration sections (black spots) to be reviewed every three years
- Periodic Road Safety Inspections to be carried out by the competent authority
- **Data management** consisting of compulsory reporting of each fatal accident and of setting up a methodology to calculate the cost of a fatal accident



Implementation I: legal status

- By Dec. 2010: Member States will have to "bring into force the laws, regulations & administrative provisions necessary to comply with this directive. They shall forthwith communicate to the Commission the text of those provisions"; All member states complied!
- By Dec. 2011- March 2012: Member States will have to adopt "guidelines in order to support the competent entities" (i.e. public or private organisations involved in the implementation of the Directive); 7 Member States not have already fulfilled
- Dec 2011 also for adopting curricula for auditors.



Example: curricula for Road Safety Auditors

France	Italy
Recognition of RSA certificates issued from other EU countries (case by case exam)	The RSA certificate enables ALSO to safety inspection on road tunnel
At least 2 days (three modules of 2 days). Three different certificate covering a) designing, b) pre opening c) early operation	- Class 180 Hrs with compulsory attendanceDifferent modules covering all the road safety audit cycle - Practical activities
Validity: 5 years. 1 day of refreshment course	Validity 3 years. A registry is managed by the Minister of Transport. 30hrs of refreshment course



Example: curricula for Road Safety Auditors

Slovakia	Estonia
Mutual recognition: NA	No recognition: NA
Training: 50 Hours minimum Vocational training covering both legal-administrative and technical classes. Written and oral exams	Training : 29 lesson of 45 minutes + 7 hours of onsite assessment covering legaladministrative and environmental subjects. Written and practical questions
Validity: N.A.	Validity: Na



Implementation II: the Guidelines

A Broad definition.....

"guidelines" means measures adopted by Member States, which lay down **the steps** to be followed and **the elements** to be considered in applying the safety procedures set out in this Directive" [Art 2(8)]



Signals clearly readable?



Copyrght: flycr



Misleading road markings?





Implementation II: the GuidelinesLeads to a variety of possible solutions...

- Guidelines including technical specifications (E.g BG, IT, HU, IE, Wallonia Region, CZ)
- Guidelines as "framework" linking to different provisions already taken (E.g. UK, LT, FR)
- Transposition of the "legal provsion for " for the road managing authority (E.g LV, AT, DK, SE, Region of Flanders)



Implementation TTI: extension outside the TEN-T road network

- No room for further legislative proposal
- Some Member State is already applying this provisions beyond TEN-T: ex IT, ES, RO
- Agreements with EIB and the DG REGIO for imposing a conditionality on EU co - funding.
- Best practise exchange and "professional pressure from road safety experts" might persuade
- Evaluation of the economic social benefit from road safety



Conclusion: the way forward



Conclusions: The way forward

- The Commission will encourage Member States to apply the directive provision to all new infrastructures
- Exchange of knowledge & best practices to be enhanced
- Adaptation of the annexes to technical progress through the Committee on road safety infrastructure management
- NGOs may be consulted on technical issues
- Research and technological development



ROAD SAFETY

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uropean Commission > Transport > Road Safety



USERS

MOTORCYCLING INTO THE 21ST CENTURY

OCTOBER 3rd - COLOGNE, GERMANY

Motorcyclists and mopeds users

. . . .

Children

Cyclists

Elderly drivers

Novice drivers Pedestrians Professional drivers



STATISTICS

The EU publishes various statistics and other data on road safety



TOPICS

Behaviour Infrastructure

Vehicles Dangerous goods

Questions and Answers Public consultations



GOING ABROAD Traffic rules at a glance

USEFUL LINKS

Mobile version



SPECIALISTS

ENGLISH ONLY

EU road safety policy

Road safety knowledge base Projects

Statistics

Toolbox (Manuals and best practices) Fundings





What's new

Publications

Second European Motorcyclists' Forum - 03/10/2012

14/09/2012

Call for proposals with a view to obtaining grants in the field of road safety for the organisation of a youth forum for road safety (DG MOVE/C4/SUB/01-2012) - English only

05/09/2012

25 000

Road Safety Knowledge Base

Policy orientations on road safety 2011-2020

European Road Safety

Driving licence

Charter



Thanks for your attention!

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